









# ACCESSIBILITY CHECKLIST FOR MEDICAL CLINICS AND FACILITIES IN OREGON

2010 ADA STANDARDS FOR ACCESSIBLE DESIGN OREGON STATE BUILDING CODE

**OCTOBER 2013** 

# Northwest ADA Center

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# ACCESSIBILITY CHECKLIST PURPOSE AND USE

The Northwest ADA Center is pleased to provide this Accessibility Checklist. This Checklist is designed to be a convenient tool for identifying architectural and communication barriers that may be encountered by people with disabilities in public and private buildings. The Checklist may also assist you in planning for removal of barriers to accessibility. The Checklist may be used to survey an entire facility or specific areas and elements. More definitive information may be obtained from the 2010 Standards for Accessible Design. In some situations, the 1991 Standards for Accessible Design and your state or local building code may provide helpful information. The Accessibility Checklist can also be used as a guide to increase awareness of architectural and communication barriers which prevent full access to buildings and facilities by people with disabilities. This checklist is NOT a substitute for federal accessibility standards or the appropriate state and local building codes.

The Checklist is designed so that a

"YES" answer indicates "ACCESSIBLE".

"NO" answer indicates that the item is present but is a "NON-ACCESSIBLE" element or feature in the building or facility.

**Dimensions** provided in this Checklist are given in units of inches (IN) or feet (FT).

### References

2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design (www.ada.gov) 1991 ADA Standards for Accessible Design (www.ada.gov) 2010 Oregon Structural Specialty Code—Chapter 11 Accessibility

Safe Harbor - If the elements or features of your facility are in compliance with the 1991 ADA Standards for Accessible Design you do not have to modify those elements to comply with the 2010 Standards (even if the new standards have different requirements for them). This provision is applied on an element-by-element basis and is referred to as the "safe harbor." If you choose to alter elements that were in compliance with the 1991 Standards, the safe harbor no longer applies to those elements and you must use the 2010 Standards. The 2010 Standards contain new requirements for elements in existing facilities that were not addressed in the original 1991 Standards. These include recreation facilities such as swimming pools, play areas, exercise machines, miniature golf facilities, and bowling alleys. Because these elements were not included in the 1991 Standards, they are not subject to the safe harbor. Therefore, on or after March 15, 2012, public accommodations (businesses) must remove architectural barriers to elements subject to the new requirements in the 2010 Standards when it is readily achievable to do so. State and local government entities must remove barriers to achieve program accessibility.

Alternate Formats - This Checklist will be provided in alternate formats upon request.

Developed with support of a grant from the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR).

Revised October 2013 by Northwest ADA Center. We encourage duplication and use of this document.

### HOW TO PERFORM AN ACCESSIBILITY SURVEY

## Planning for the Survey:

If possible, we suggest that a team of two or more individuals carry out the survey. It is very helpful if one person directs the process, takes pictures and notes while the other person performs the measurements. It is also suggested that people with disabilities be involved in the survey.

**Using a Floor Plan:** It is often helpful to have a floor plan, or a sketch of a floor plan, for note taking while conducting the survey. Elements in this checklist can be can be identified on the floor plan.

### **Tools**

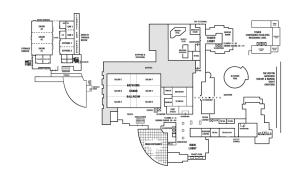
- Clipboard to make recording on the checklist easier.
- Flexible steel tape measure.
- Carpenter's level (either electronic or manual) for measuring slope on ramps and inclined walkways.
- Digital fish scale or door pressure gauge for measuring door opening force.
- Digital camera for photo documentation of barriers and accessible features.

# Conducting the Survey:

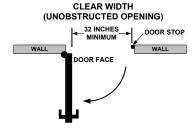
Measuring clear width (unobstructed opening) - To measure the clear width (unobstructed open space) at a door, measure the distance between the face of the door and the door stop, with the door open at 90 degrees. Clear width measurements at other locations (ramps, accessible routes, etc.) are measured in the same manner; measure the width of the unobstructed space for passage.

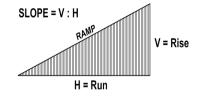
Measuring slope - Slope is calculated by calculating the ratio of vertical rise to horizontal run. For example, if a ramp 6 inches in vertical height traverses a horizontal distance of 6 feet (72 inches) then the slope is 6 / 72 = 1 / 12 = 0.083 (8.3%). Typically the maximum allowable slope for a ramp is written as 1:12. To measure the slope, lay one end of a carpenter's level on the uphill side of the ramp, lift the downhill end of the tool to bring it to level (bubble in the middle), and measure the distance between the downhill bottom edge of the level and the ramp surface. See the figure. In this case the slope is 3 inches rise over 36 inches horizontal distance or the ratio of 1:12.

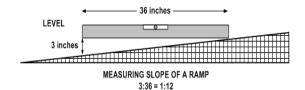
**Measuring door opening force** - If using a fish scale or similar device, tie one end of the scale to the door handle and observe the maximum force displayed on the scale as you pull the door from a closed positioned.

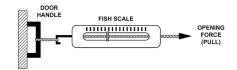












# **ACCESSIBLE PARKING**

People with disabilities should be able to arrive at your business and easily locate & use accessible parking.

1. F	Facility Parking	_		
	Does your facility provide accessible parking spaces designated for use by individuals with disabilities?  Note: This does not apply to on-street parking spaces.		Yes No	6
2. 1	Number of Accessible Parking Spaces			
	Does the parking area have the minimum number of accessible parking spaces specified in the table below?  Total Parking Spaces Designated Accessible Parking  1 to 25 26 to 50 2 51 to 75 3 76 to 100 4 101 to 150 5 151 to 200 6 201 to 300 7 301 to 400 8 401 to 500 9 501 to 1000  Note: At least one of every 6 accessible parking spaces must be designated "van accessible." For example, if the facility has only one accessible. If you have 7 accessible parking spaces then 2 must be van accessible. See Item 5 on the next page.		Yes	* If no, how many accessible parking spaces are available?  * What is the total number of parking spaces available for the public?
3. 8	Space Location			
	Are the accessible parking spaces located on the shortest possible accessible routes to the accessible building entrances?  Note: An accessible route is free of stairs, steep inclines, sharp changes in surface level, and has a surface which is stable, smooth and slip resistant. Where parking serves more than one accessible entrance, accessible parking spaces shall be dispersed and located on the shortest accessible route to the accessible entrances.		Yes No	
,	Note: Ground surfaces of parking spaces and access aisles should not exceed 1:48 (approximately 2% slope) in any direction.		Yes No	

# **ACCESSIBLE PARKING**

4. Signs and Dimensions - Accessible Parking Spaces Is each accessible parking space identified with a sign showing the International Symbol of Accessibility (see figure)?	_ _	Yes No	RESERVED PARKING
Does each vehicle space in accessible parking have a pavement marking stencil (International Symbol of Accessibility) as shown in the figure?		Yes No	Pavement Marking
Is each sign mounted on a post at a minimum height of 7 feet measured from the bottom of the sign to the ground surface?		Yes No	Stencil
<b>Note:</b> For signs mounted on buildings or piers, a minimum of 5 feet between bottom of sign and ground surface is required.			ACCESS AISLE
Are the vehicle spaces in accessible parking a minimum of 9 feet (108 inches) wide?		Yes No	
Does each accessible parking space have a marked access aisle? <b>Note:</b> Two accessible parking spaces may share a common access aisle.		Yes No	9 FEET 6 FEET 9 FEET
Is each access aisle at least 6 feet (72 inches) wide?		Yes No	
5. Van Accessible Parking Spaces			RESERVED
Is there at least one van accessible space for every six accessible parking spaces?		Yes No	PARKING
Is the van accessible parking space designated by an additional sign indicating "Van Accessible" (see figure at right)?		Yes No	VAN ACCESSIBLE
Does the van accessible parking space have a vehicle space width of at least 9 feet and an accompanying marked access aisle of at least 8 feet?		Yes No	ACCESS AISLE FOR VAN
If the lot has <b>five or more</b> accessible parking spaces, are the designated van accessible spaces reserved for wheelchair users only? <b>Note:</b> A sign under "Van Accessible" sign must indicate "Wheelchair User Only".		Yes No	
WHEELCHAIR USER ONLY			9 FEET 8 FEET
Do van accessible parking spaces, and the route serving them, have adequate minimum vertical clearance of at least 98 inches?		Yes No	98 IN (8 FT 2 IN) MIN

# **ACCESSIBLE PARKING**

6.	Passenger Loading Zone		
	If your facility has a passenger loading zone, does it have an unobstructed access aisle at least 5 feet wide and is it as long as the vehicle pull-up space?  Note: The vehicle pull-up space must be a minimum of 8 feet wide and 20 feet long.	Yes No	20 FEET MIN  DO NOT PARK  VEHICLE PULL-UP SPACE
	Is the access aisle at the same level as the vehicle pull-up space?	Yes No	
	Is the access aisle marked to discourage parking in that space?	Yes No	
7.	Curb Ramps		
	Are curb ramps provided where accessible routes cross over a curb (for example, where an access aisle connects to a sidewalk)?	Yes No	LANDING MIN AREA SOS
	<b>Note:</b> Curb ramps must not project into traffic lanes, parking spaces or access aisles.		is in a solution of the soluti
	Do curb ramps have a maximum running slope of 1:12?	Yes No	
	Do curb ramps have a minimum clear width of 36 inches?	Yes No	
	Are the transition areas where curb ramps join sidewalks, streets or gutters smooth?	Yes No	
	Are there level landings at the top of the curb ramps which have a minimum length of 36 inches and the same width as the curb ramp?	Yes No	
	<b>Note:</b> Where it is not possible to provide a level landing at the top of a curb ramp, a curb ramp with flared sides that do not exceed a slope of 1:12 is an alternative.		
8.	Accessible Parking at Medical Facilities		_
	A. For hospital outpatient facilities (not doctor's offices or independent clinics), are 10% of the total parking spaces reserved for persons with disabilities?	Yes No	
	B. For facilities specializing in treatment of persons with mobility impairments (for example, rehabilitation facilities and outpatient physical therapy facilities), are 20% of the total parking spaces reserved for persons with disabilities?	Yes No	*

People with disabilities should be able to arrive at the site, approach the building and enter the building as freely as everyone else. At least one accessible route should be safe and accessible for everyone.

1. Ground and Floor Surfaces		_
Are ground, floor and walking surfaces along accessible routes	Yes No	ROUGH, UNEVEN
<b>Note:</b> An "accessible route" may consist of doorways, ramps, curb ramps, elevators, platform lifts and other walking surfaces with a slope no steeper than 5% (1:20).		SURFACE
2. Changes in Surface Level		
of observation and from the contract and the contract of observations and the contract of observati	Yes No	CHANGE OF SURFACE LEVEL OR "OBSTRUCTION" 1/4 INCH MAX
1/2 inches in height in the level change haveled (clone 1:2 or	Yes No	
<b>Note:</b> Changes in surface level that exceed 1/2 inch shall be ramped.		VERTICAL BEVEL EDGE MAX SLOPE 1/4 INCH 1:2 1/2 INCH
which exceed 4/2 inch in height?	Yes No	Ţ <sup>1</sup>
3. Clear Widths and Slopes for Walking Surfaces		
is there at least one accessible route from the accessible	Yes No	MEASURING CLEAR WIDTH OF AN ACCESSIBLE ROUTE IN
unphotrusted width of at least 26 inches?	Yes No	PRESENCE OF OBSTRUCTIONS WALL  36 IN  PLANTS MIN
Do longer routes have an occasional 5 x 5 feet area located at reasonable intervals not exceeding 200 feet which can be used for turning and passing?	Yes No	WALKWAY
Do all walkways along accessible routes have cross slopes that are 1:48 or less?	Yes No	MORE EFFORT!
<b>Note:</b> When the running slope along the direction of travel on walking surface is greater than 1:20 (5%) the route is considered a "ramp". See Items 4-8 on the next two pages).		CROSS SLOPE 1:48 MAX (APPROX 2%)

4. Ramp Slope and Clear Width Is the maximum running slope of all ramps 1:12 (8.3%)?  Are cross slopes of all ramp surfaces 1:48 or less?  Do ramps have a clear unobstructed width of at least 36 inches?  No  Landings  Do ramps have a 5 foot long level landing at the top and bottom of each run?  Do ramps have a 5 foot by 5 foot minimum turning space at level landings where the ramp changes direction?  Note: Landings are required where the maximum vertical rise for any length of run for a ramp is 30 inches.  6. Ramp Handralls  If the ramp rises more than 6 inches vertically, does it have handrails on both sides?  7. Handrail Location	IS THERE A RAMP LOCATED ON THE EXTERIOR OF YOUR SITE?		Yes	IF NO, SKIP TO #9.
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Do handrails continue to extend horizontally at least 12 inches at the top and bottom landings of the ramp and do these extensions return to the wall, floor or post?  If the handrail is mounted on a wall surface, is the gap between the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?  If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	Are handrails mounted so that their top surface is between 34		Yes	TETOKI
Do handrails continue to extend horizontally at least 12 inches at the top and bottom landings of the ramp and do these extensions return to the wall, floor or post?  If the handrail is mounted on a wall surface, is the gap between the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?  If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	and 38 inches above the ramp surface?		No	
at the top and bottom landings of the ramp and do these extensions return to the wall, floor or post?  If the handrail is mounted on a wall surface, is the gap between the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?  If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-				34 TO 38 INCHES
extensions return to the wall, floor or post?  If the handrail is mounted on a wall surface, is the gap between the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?  If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-			Yes	
If the handrail is mounted on a wall surface, is the gap between the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?  If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	•		No	
the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?  If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	·			
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If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	the handrall and the wall surface a millimum of 1-1/2 inches?		No	HANDRAIL
If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?  If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-				1-1/4 TO T
If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-			Yes	2 IN 1
(distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to ∠ inches maximum?		No	
(distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-	If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension		Yes	
1/4 inches maximum'?	(distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-		No	
	1/4 inches maximum?			

### 8. Edge Protection on Ramps

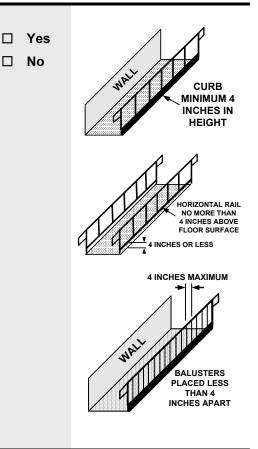
Do ramps and landings have edge protection?

Note: Edge protection can be provided by:

- 1. By extending the floor surface of a ramp or landing at least 12 inches beyond the railing, or,
- 2. A curb or barrier edge protection that prevents passage of a crutch tip, a wheel on a wheelchair or other mobility aid from slipping off the edge of the ramp or landing.

### Examples are:

- a. curbs at least 4 inches high,
- b. horizontal rails placed no more than 4 inches from the floor or wall
- c. vertical railing extended to ramp surface spaced less than 4 inches apart can be used to prevent wheels on wheelchairs and other mobility aids from going off the edge of the ramp.



# 9. Doorway Width and Maneuvering Clearance

Do accessible entrances have a minimum clear opening (free of protrusions and obstructions) of 32 inches?

Do the push or pull sides of doors have adequate clearance from the side and front of the doorway to allow customer to reach the handle and maneuver around and through the door opening? See section 404.2.4 of the 2010 ADA Standards for the full requirements.

**Note:** If the person using a wheelchair can approach the door from the front, a minimum side distance of 18 inches and a minimum perpendicular distance of 60 inches will suffice if the door <u>swings toward</u> the customer (shown in top figure).

**Note:** A minimum of 12 inches side distance and a minimum perpendicular distance of 48 inches is required for a door that <u>swings away</u> from the customer and has a latch and closer (shown in bottom figure).

**Note:** Automatic or power assisted doors that remain open in the power-off position do not require these types of maneuvering clearances adjacent to the doors.

**Note:** Where doorways are located adjacent to a ramp landing, maneuvering clearances are permitted to overlap the required ramp landing area.

# □ Yes

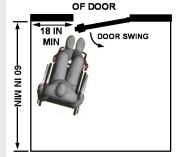
□ No

□ Yes

□ No



### MANEUVERING CLEARANCE AT DOOR FRONT APPROACH TO PULL FACE



### MANEUVERING CLEARANCE AT DOOR FRONT APPROACH TO PUSH FACE OF DOOR WITH A CLOSER AND LATCH



### 10. Exterior Door Opening Forces

Is the force required to open doors at accessible exterior entrances no more than 8-1/2 pounds?

**Note:** Exterior door opening forces are not addressed in the ADA Standards. Maximum opening force for an exterior door may be addressed in state building codes. For example, in Washington the maximum force is 10 pounds; in Oregon 8.5 pounds is the maximum exterior door opening force.

# Yes

□ No



Are handles, pulls, latches, locks, and other operating devices on accessible doors easily grasped with one hand, and require no tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist to operate?  Note: Lever and loop handles serve this purpose well.  Are door handles mounted no higher than 48 inches and no lower than 34 inches from the floor surface?	Yes No Yes No	ROOM 320 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
		34 INCHES MINIMUM
12. Doors in Series	Yes	
If two doors in a series (vestibule) swing in the same direction (see top figure), is the distance between the doors at least 48 inches plus the width of the in-swinging door?	No	DOOR SWING DOOR SWING
If two doors in series (vestibule) swing out from the space	Yes	
between the doors (see bottom figure), is the distance between the doors at least 48 inches?	No	48 IN MIN  DOOR SWING  DOOR SWING
13. Thresholds at Doorways		
Are the heights of thresholds at doorways 1/2 inch or less?	Yes No	VERTICAL MAXIMUM HEIGHT EDGE 1/2 INCH
<b>Note:</b> Raised thresholds and level changes at doorways with a height between 1/4 inch and 1/2 inch should be beveled with a maximum slope of 1:2 as shown in the top figure.		THRESHOLD FLOOR
<b>Note:</b> Existing or altered thresholds may be 3/4 inch high maximum if their edges are beveled with a slope not steeper than 1:2. See lower figure on the right.		3/4 INCHES MAXIMUM 2 THRESHOLD FLOOR

### 14. Protruding Objects Yes Do protruding and hanging objects with a leading edge more than 27 inches above the floor, protrude no more than 4 No inches into any passage way provided for pedestrian travel? **Note:** Examples of protruding objects include signs, **EDGES** HEADROOM 80 INCHES MINIMUM telephones, water fountains, planters, lamps, fire extinguisher enclosures, etc. 4 INCHES MAXIMUM FROM Yes Do all exterior passage ways provide a minimum unobstructed WALL SURFACE head clearance (headroom) of 80 inches? No 15. Suspended Stairs and Other Overhead Hazards Yes Are all suspended (open) stairs and other overhead hazards provided with sufficient warning devices, for No example, guard rails, planters, etc., to alert people who are visually impaired?

Do the interior doors in public spaces have at least a 32-inch clear, unobstructed opening?      Note: With double doors, at least one door must have a minimum clear opening of 32 inches.	Yes No	32 INCHES MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING
2. Maneuvering Clearance Do the pull and push sides of doors have adequate maneuvering clearances in front of and to the sides of doorways so that a person using a wheelchair can position themselves to easily and safely open the door? Note: See section of this Checklist titled "Accessible Approach and Entrance – Exterior Routes) for more information.	Yes No	MANEUVERING CLEARANCE AT DOOR FRONT APPROACH TO PULL FACE OF DOOR  18 IN DOOR SWING  OF DOOR SWI
3. Signs for Permanent Rooms and Spaces  Is every permanent room or space (such as restrooms, offices or meeting rooms, etc.) designated with a sign having good contrast between characters and background, adequate character size for viewing distance, raised (tactile) characters and Braille?	 Yes No	RESTROOM  Line Line Line Line Line Line Line Lin
Are tactile signs mounted so the bottom edges of the <i>highest</i> tactile characters are 60 inches maximum and the <i>lowest</i> tactile characters are 48 inches minimum from the floor surface?	Yes No	AREA OF REFUGE
4. Opening Force for Interior Doors		
Can interior doors be opened with 5 pounds or less force?	Yes No	INTERIOR DOOR S LBS MAXIMUM
5. Door Handle Height	Va	ROOM
Are door handles mounted no higher than 48 inches and no lower than 34 inches measured from the floor surface?	Yes No	48 INCHES MAXIMUM 34 INCHES MINIMUM

6. Door Hardware		
Do all latch doors along an accessible route have a handle that does not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting to operate?	Yes No	0
If there is no latch, do the doors have pulls, loops or push plates?	Yes No	
7. Thresholds at Doorways		
Are the heights of thresholds at doorways 1/2 inch or less?	Yes	VERTICAL HEIGHT EDGE 2 1/2 INCH
<b>Note:</b> Raised thresholds and level changes at doorways with a height between 1/4 inch and 1/2 inch should be beveled with a maximum slope of 1:2 as shown in the top figure.	No	THRESHOLD  THRESHOLD  FLOOR  3/4 INCHES
<b>Note:</b> Existing or altered thresholds may be 3/4 inch high maximum if their edges are beveled with a slope not steeper than 1:2. See lower figure on the right.		MAXIMUM 2 THRESHOLD FLOOR
8. Clear Width of Accessible Routes and Reach Distances		FORWARD REACH
Do all interior accessible routes have a minimum clear, unobstructed width of 36 inches?	Yes No	(UNOBSTRUCTED)  48 IN MAX 15 IN
Are all objects meant for public use within reach?	Yes	MIN I
<b>Note:</b> For both forward and side reach, the maximum "high" reach height is 48 inches and the minimum "low" distance from the floor surface is 15 inches.	No	SIDE REACH (UNOBSTRUCTED)  54 IN MAX 9 IN MIN  1
9. Turning Space		<i>7</i> .42
Is adequate space available where turning spaces are needed or required for a wheelchair or other mobility device?  Note: A turning space may be a:  1. Circular space having a minimum diameter of 5 feet (60 inches) as shown in top figure, or  2. T-shaped space which provides a 60 inch square minimum with arms and base having 36 inches of minimum width.	Yes No	60 min 36 min 98

Use items 10-11 on this page to assess tables/work surfaces and seating in most public areas. For tables and seating in dining areas, classrooms or libraries, refer to those sections in this Checklist and fill in the information there.

10. Table Placement and Seating Distribution If tables or work surfaces are available, is there a 36 inch aisle clearance between tables for wheelchair access?	□ Yes	36 IN MIN HIN HIN HIN HIN HIN HIN HIN HIN HIN H
Do seating spaces at tables or work surfaces allow for a forward approach and provide a clear floor space of 30 by 48 inches? See lower figure at right.  Are accessible tables and accompanying seating spaces distributed throughout the room or space?  Note: People should be able to choose the locations and types of tables, seating and other furnishings.	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No	MINIMUM CLEAR FLOOR SPACE SEATING AND TABLES  48 IN MIN MIN CHAIR  TABLE
11. Table Height and Legroom  Do the spaces under tables or work surfaces provide clear space for knees and toes?  Note: 27 inches minimum height under table for knee clearance; 9 inches minimum in height where toe clearance is required; and the clearance for toes shall extend 17 inches minimum under the table?  Are top surfaces of the tables and work surfaces 28 inches minimum to 34 inches in maximum height above the floor?	□ Yes □ No	17 IN MIN 28 TO 34 IN WIN WIN WIN WIN WIN WIN WIN WIN WIN
minimum to 34 inches in maximum height above the floor?  12. Protruding Objects  Do protruding and hanging objects with a leading edge more than 27 inches above the floor, protrude no more than 4 inches into any passage way provided for pedestrian travel?  Note: Examples of protruding objects include signs, telephones, water fountains, planters, lamps, fire extinguisher enclosures, etc.  Do all exterior passage ways provide a minimum unobstructed head clearance (headroom) of 80 inches?	□ No □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No	OVERHANGING SIGN  LEADING EDGES 80 INCHES MINIMUM  4 INCHES MAXIMUM FROM WALL SURFACE FLOOR

IS THERE A RAMP LOCATED ON THE INTERIOR OF YOUR BUILDING?	Yes No	IF YES, COMPLETE ITEMS #13 TO #17. IF NO, SKIP TO #18.
13. Ramp Slope and Clear Width		
Is the maximum running slope of all ramps 1:12 (8.3%)?	Yes No	MAX SLOPE 1:12 12
Are cross slopes of all ramp surfaces 1:48 or less?	Yes No	
Do ramps have a clear unobstructed width of at least 36 inches?	Yes No	CLEAR WIDTH 36 INCHES MINIMUM
14. Landings		
Do ramps have a 5 foot long level landing at the top and bottom of each run?	Yes No	Set John The Set of th
Do ramps have a 5 foot x 5 foot minimum turning space at level landings where the ramp changes direction?	Yes No	5.57
<b>Note:</b> Landings are required where the maximum vertical rise for any length of run for a ramp is 30 inches.		30 IN RAMP WIDT 5 FT / 5 FT /
15. Ramp Handrails		# 1
If the ramp rises more than 6 inches vertically, does it have handrails on both sides?	Yes No	HANDRAILS ON BOTH SIDES
16. Handrail Location		
Are handrails mounted so that their top surface is between 34 and 38 inches above the ramp surface?	Yes No	CURB FOR HANDRAIL RETURN TO POST PROTECTION 4 34 TO 38
Do handrails continue to extend horizontally at least 12 inches at the top and bottom landings of the ramp and do these extensions return to the wall, floor or post?	Yes No	INCHES +
If the handrail is mounted on a wall surface, is the gap between the handrail and the wall surface a minimum of 1-1/2 inches?	Yes No	CIRCULAR HANDRAIL Z
If the handrail gripping surface is circular in shape, is the diameter 1-1/4 inches minimum to 2 inches maximum?	Yes No	1-1/4 TO 7 2 IN 4 TO 2 IN
If the shape is non-circular, is the perimeter dimension (distance around the gripping surface) 4 inches minimum to 6-1/4 inches maximum?	Yes No	

### 17. Edge Protection on Ramps

Do ramps and landings have edge protection?

Note: Edge protection can be provided by:

- 1. By extending the floor surface of a ramp or landing at least 12 inches beyond the railing, or,
- 2. A curb or barrier edge protection that prevents passage of a crutch tip, a wheel on a wheelchair or other mobility aid from slipping off the edge of the ramp or landing.

### Examples are:

- a. curbs at least 4 inches high,
- b. horizontal rails placed no more than 4 inches from the floor or wall
- c. vertical railing extended to ramp surface spaced less than 4 inches apart can be used to prevent wheels on wheelchairs and other mobility aids from going off the edge of the ramp.

CURB
MINIMUM 4
INCHES IN
HEIGHT

HORIZONTAL RAIL
NO MORE THAN
4 INCHES ABOVE
FLOOR SURFACE

4 INCHES OR LESS

4 INCHES MAXIMUM

BALUSTERS
PLACED LESS
THAN 4
INCHES APART

□ Yes

□ No

**Priority 3: ACCESS TO GOODS AND SERVICES (Interior Routes and Spaces)** 

DOES THE FACILITY HAVE A PASSENGER ELEVATOR?		Yes No	IF NO SKIP TO #26.
18. Hall Call Controls (Buttons) and Entrance Labels			
Are call buttons and keypads at elevators mounted no higher than 48 inches when measured to centerline of highest operable part above the floor?		Yes No	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Are there raised (tactile) characters and Braille that indicate floor designations on both elevator jambs at the entrance to elevator mounted 48 to 60 inches above the floor surface?		Yes No	48 to 60 IN Y
19. Signal Identification			
Are there both visible and audible signals to identify when an elevator car arrives and its direction of travel?			A C MOONIO MON
Are visible signals mounted at 72 inches minimum above floor?		Yes No	✓ "GOING UP"
Do the audible signals indicate direction of travel (up or down)? For example, indicator sounds once for up and twice for down.		Yes No	€ "GOING DOWN"
20. Elevator Car Dimensions			
Do elevators with centered door have minimum inside dimensions of 51 inches in depth by 80 inches in width and a clear door width (unobstructed opening) of 42 inches?		Yes No	
<b>Note:</b> Depending on door location, other elevator car dimensions may be allowable. See Table 407.4.1.of the 2010 ADA Standards and figure at bottom right below showing minimum dimensions for an elevator car with a "side (off-centered) door".			
80 min		68 min	1
42 min 1085  (a) centered door	36 n		

21. Leveling  Does the elevator car floor surface (platform) stop within 1/2 inch of the outside floor surface (landing) at each floor destination?	□ Yes	1/2 INCH MAX  FLOOR PLATFORM  SURFACE  SIDE VIEW
22. Gap Between Elevator and Floor  Is the open space between the outside floor surface (hoistway landing) and the elevator platform no greater than 1-1/4 inches?	□ Yes	1-1/4 INCHES MAX  FLOOR SURFACE  SIDE VIEW
23. Protective Re-Opening Device  Are the elevators equipped with reopening devices that automatically opens the car and hoistway doors when it becomes obstructed or contacted by an object or person?	□ Yes	ELEVATOR DOOR RE-OPENING DEVICE
<ul> <li>24. Car Controls and Position Indicators Are car controls, call buttons, and alarm buttons at least 3/4 inch in diameter with Braille and raised characters? Note: Raised characters and Braille must be placed to the immediate left of car control buttons. Are all controls or buttons on the inside of existing elevator control panel mounted no higher than 48 inches above the floor? Are emergency control buttons mounted at 35 inches minimum height above the floor? Are visual and audible indicators provided in the interior of the car to indicate car position? (floor/level)</li></ul>	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No	INTERIOR VIEW OF ELEVATOR CAR  CONTROLS  ELEVATOR DOOR  EMERGENCY CONTROLS  MAX  B 1 2 3 4 5 6
25. Emergency Communications  Are emergency two-way communication systems provided between the inside of the elevator and a monitored point outside?  Are emergency control buttons located no higher than 35 inches above the elevator floor and at the bottom of the elevator control panel?  Are tactile symbols (raised characters) provided on or next to the device?	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No	EMERGENCY PHONE  WOOEL 5-1900A  PUSH FOR  HELP  WINNERS.

26	Drinking Fountains		
	Where drinking fountains provided, are there two drinking fountains: one wheelchair accessible and one for persons who are standing?	Yes No	
	<b>Note:</b> One drinking fountain should be designed for access from a seated position (person using a wheelchair). It should be mounted to provide a minimum knee clearance of 27 inches, minimum toe clearance of 9 inches and a minimum depth of 17 inches. The other drinking fountain should be designed for a person who is standing.		17 INCHES MINIMUM
	<b>Note:</b> For an existing installation, where only one drinking fountain is provided, a wheelchair accessible drinking fountain is allowed.		36 INCHES MAX 27 INCHES MIN
	Does the wheelchair accessible drinking fountain provide a minimum knee clearance of 27 inches?	Yes No	
	Is there a 30 by 48 inch clear floor space positioned for a forward approach to the wheelchair accessible fountain?	Yes No	
	Is the maximum height of the spout outlet for the lower drinking fountain at 36 inches or less above the floor surface?	Yes No	
	Can the controls be reached, easily manipulated with one hand, and operated with 5 pounds or less of force?	Yes No	
27.	Automated Teller Machines (ATM) Where access ATMs are provided:		
	Is there sufficient clear floor space (30 by 48 inches minimum) adjacent to the ATM to allow for forward or parallel approach by a wheelchair?	Yes No	
	Is the maximum height of all operable parts (controls, buttons, deposit slots, etc.) 48 inches from ground surface?	Yes No	
	Are operable parts usable with one hand and do not require tight grasping pinching or twisting of the wrist?	Yes No	
	Can each operable part be differentiated by sound or touch without activation?	Yes No	
	Are operating instructions, transaction prompts and information displayed on the screen of the ATM accessible to persons with visual impairments - "speech-enabled"?	Yes No	

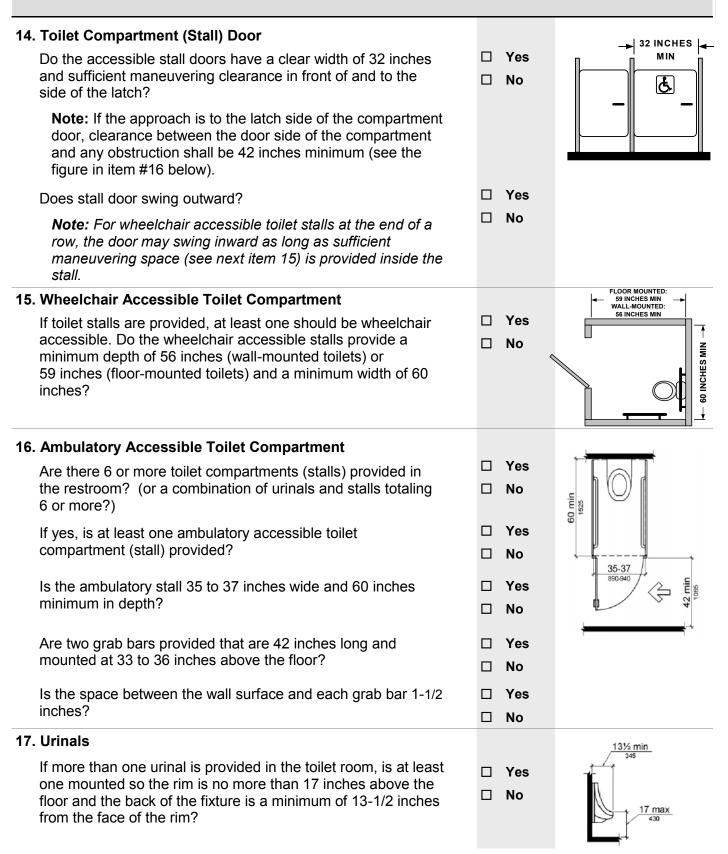
Does your facility offer restrooms for public use?				
☐ Yes ☐ No If "Yes", complete this section of the Checklist.				
Note: M = Men W = Women				
1. Restroom Identification				
Are all accessible toilet rooms clearly designated with a sign having the International Symbol of Accessibility and mounted on the latch side of the door so the bottom edge of the <i>highest</i> tactile characters are 60 inches maximum and the <i>lowest</i> tactile characters are 48 inches minimum from the floor surface?	□ Yes □ No	48 TO 60 INCHES		
<b>Note:</b> All toilet rooms must be designated with accessible signage and inaccessible toilet rooms must have directional signage indicating the location of the nearest accessible toilet room.				
2. Restroom Entrances		32 INCHES		
Do the doorways of accessible toilet rooms have a minimum clear width (unobstructed opening) of 32 inches and maneuvering clearance perpendicular and parallel to the doorway which conforms to the requirements of section titled "Accessible Approach and Entrances (Exterior Routes)", Item #9?	□ Yes □ No	MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING		
3. Turning Space		几公		
Is there adequate turning space for a wheelchair or other mobility devices inside the toilet room?	□ Yes			
<b>Note:</b> A turning space may be circular (60 inches minimum diameter) or a "T turning space". See Item #9 in the section on "Access to Goods and Services—Interior Routes and Spaces".		60 IN MIN		
4. Lavatory Counter Heights and Knee/Toe Clearances				
Is there at least one lavatory that provides a counter surface or rim of the lavatory which is no higher than 34 inches above the floor surface?	□ Yes □ No			
Is the knee clearance space under the lavatory at least 27 inches from the bottom of lavatory apron to the floor surface and 8 inches minimum from the front edge of the apron?	□ Yes	34 INCHES MAX 27 INCHES MIN SHOOT STATE OF THE SHOT		
Are water supply, drain pipes and other objects installed under the lavatory so that there is at least 9 inches of toe clearance as measured from the floor surface?	□ Yes	8 7 MIN		

5. Protective Pipe Covering Is insulation or other protective covering used on exposed hot water and drain pipes under the lavatories and sinks?	□ Yes	PROTECTIVE PIPE COVERING (INSULATION)
6. Lavatory and Sink Clear Floor Space  Is there a minimum clear floor space (30 by 48 inches) provided in front of lavatories and sinks to allow for forward approach?  Note: Knee clearance shall extend a maximum of 25 inches (of the required minimum of 48 inches of clear floor space) under the lavatory or sink.	□ Yes □ No	30 IN MIN MIN MIN DEPTH
Does the depth of toe clearance provided at lavatories and sinks extend at least 17 inches underneath the element?	□ Yes	
7. Faucet Controls		
At accessible lavatories and sinks, are the faucets controlled by a hand lever, push button, or electronic control that is easily operated with one hand and not requiring more than 5 lb of force or tight grasping, pinching, or twisting?	□ Yes □ No	LEVER HANDLES
If the faucet control is hand-operating and metering, does it remain open for a minimum of ten seconds?	□ Yes	
8. Lavatory and Countertop Mirrors		
Where mirrors are provided above lavatories or countertops, is at least one mirror mounted so that the bottom edge of the reflective surface is no more than 40 inches above the floor surface?  If No, what are the heights? M: W:	☐ Yes☐ No	40 INCHES MAX
9. Dispensers in Restroom		
Are the soap and towel dispensers, and other accessories, mounted at a height no greater then 48 inches to the highest control or operable part?	□ Yes □ No	48 INCHES MAX

10. Toilet Seat Height and Distance from Toilet to Wall		
Is the top of the toilet seat 17 inches minimum to 19 inches maximum measured from the surface of the floor?	Yes No	17 TO 19 INCHES
Is the centerline of the toilet (water closet) 16 inches minimum to 18 inches maximum from the side wall or partition?	Yes No	
<b>Note:</b> For ambulatory accessible toilet stalls (see item # 16), the centerline of the toilet (water closet) is 17 inches minimum to 19 inches maximum).		16 TO 18 IN
11. Grab Bars		
Are two grab bars provided that include a 42 inch minimum length bar on the side wall and a 36 inch minimum length bar on the back wall (behind the toilet).	Yes No	INCHES WIN
Are grab bars mounted at a height of 33 inches minimum to 36 inches maximum from the floor surface to the top of the gripping surface?	Yes No	42 INCHES → MIN
Is the space between the walls and grab bars 1-1/2 inches?	Yes No	GRAB BAR
Is each grab bar mounted securely to the wall or partition?	Yes	33 TO 36 INCHES
<b>Note:</b> Grab bars must be able to support a minimum of 250 pounds.	No	<u> </u>
12. Flush Controls		
Are hand-operated flush controls located on the open side of the toilet and mounted no higher than 48 inches above the floor?	Yes No	T S
If No, at what height are they mounted? M: W:		48 INCHES MAX
Are flush controls operable with one hand, not requiring tight grasping, or not more than 5 lbs of force?	Yes No	<u> </u>
13. Dispensers in Toilet Stall		
If provided, are seat cover dispensers located no higher than 48 inches above the floor surface?	Yes No	7 TO 9 INCHES
Do toilet paper dispensers provide a continuous flow of paper and are they installed at least 15 inches above the floor sur- face and at a distance between 7 and 9 inches from the front edge of the toilet to the center of the dispenser?	Yes No	15 INCHES MIN 48 INCHES MAX
If located above the grab bar, is the dispenser mounted to provide at least 12 inches minimum of space?	Yes No	
If located below the grab bar, is the dispenser mounted to provide at least 1-1/2 inches of space?	Yes No	

If you have single-user restrooms without a stall, skip to Item 18 for single-user restrooms.

If you have multiple- or single-user restrooms <u>with</u> stalls at least one must be accessible and meet the requirements in Items #14 - 16.



18. Single- Occupant ("Family" or "Unisex") Toilet Rooms

Note: After answering items #1 through #13 in this section, the following information may help to identify additional barriers to accessibility in single-occupant toilet rooms.

Does the clearance (floor space) provided around the toilet (water closet) allow for side transfer from a wheelchair? See top figure at right and answer these two questions.

A. 60 inches minimum measured from the side wall?

B. 56 inches minimum measured from the back wall?

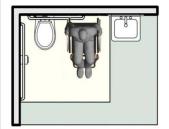
# Examples of space use in single-occupant toilet rooms (see figures to the right and below):

**Top Figure.** Space provided for side transfers and lavatories cannot overlap the toilet (water closet) clearance is indicated. Clearance around a toilet (water closet) must be 60 inches minimum measured perpendicularly from the side wall and 56 inches minimum measured perpendicular from the rear wall.

**Middle Figure.** Turning space can overlap fixture and door swing clearances. Shown is a 60 inch minimum diameter circular turning space which overlaps the clear floor space for the lavatory and the clearance for the water closet..

**Bottom Figure.** Door can swing into turning space as long as unobstructed clear floor space (30 by 48 inches minimum "wheelchair space") is provided beyond arc of door swing as shown.

Allows space for side transfers

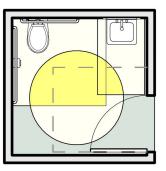


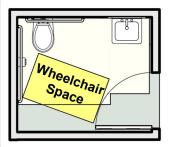
□ Yes

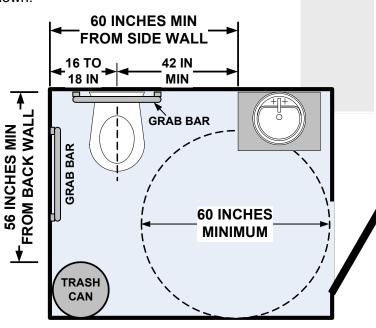
□ No

☐ Yes

□ No







SINGLE-OCCUPANT TOILET ROOM

WAITING ROOMS AND REGISTRATION COUNTERS		
1. Accessible Routes		
Do all interior accessible routes to and through waiting rooms have a minimum clear, unobstructed width of 36 inches?  Note: Accessible routes should connect the waiting rooms to all other public and common use areas in the clinic.	Yes No	
Are all interior accessible routes to and through waiting rooms free of protruding objects?	Yes No	
2. Signs in Waiting Rooms		
Is directional signage available that indicates the locations of accessible toilet rooms, elevators and other accessible rooms and features of the facility that are not within view?	Yes No	RESTROOMS
3. Wheelchair Seating Spaces in Waiting Room		36 min
Is there adequate open floor space available for people who use wheelchairs and other mobility aids?  Note: These spaces should be dispersed within the waiting room and placed adjacent to other seating locations. A minimum width for this space would be 36 inches.	Yes No	915
4. Registration/Service Counters		A
Does the registration desk allow a <u>parallel approach</u> for a person using a wheelchair or scooter? <b>Note:</b> The accessible portion of the counter surface should be no less than 36 inches in length and have a maximum height of 36 inches above the floor?	Yes No	Accessible Portion of a Counter Parallel Approach  36 IN MIN  36 IN MAX
Does the registration desk allow a forward approach for a per-	Yes	<b>↓</b>
son using a wheelchair or scooter? <b>Note:</b> In this case a portion of the counter must provide a surface which is at least 30 inches in length, no higher than 36 inches high, and have adequate knee and toe clearance underneath.	No	Accessible Portion of a Counter Forward Approach  30 IN MIN 36 IN MAX
5. Literature Display Racks		רוים
If literature display racks are available, are they within accessible reach ranges? <b>Note:</b> The maximum side and forward reach height is 48 inches; minimum low reach is 15 inches.	Yes No	48 INCHES MAX

# ACCESSIBLE EXAMINATION ROOMS AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

1. Accessible Route Do all interior accessible routes to and through examination rooms have a minimum clear, unobstructed width of 36 inches? Note: Accessible routes should connect the examination rooms to all public use and common use areas. Are all interior accessible routes to and through examination rooms free of protruding objects?		Yes No Yes No	
2. Signs for Examination Rooms			
Is every examination room designated with a sign having good contrast between characters and background, adequate character size for viewing distance, raised (tactile) characters and Braille?		Yes No	AREA OF REFUGE
Are tactile signs mounted so the bottom edges of the <i>highest</i> tactile characters are 60 inches maximum and the <i>lowest</i> tactile characters are 48 inches minimum from the floor surface?		Yes No	48 min 1220 660 maa
3. Accessible Doorway to Examination Room			32 INCHES
Do the examination room doors have at least a 32-inch clear, unobstructed opening?		Yes No	MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING
Do the pull and push sides of doors have adequate maneuvering clearances in front of and to the sides of doorways so that a person using a wheelchair can position themselves to easily		Yes No	
and safely open the door? <b>Note:</b> See section of this Checklist titled "Accessible Approach and Entrance – Exterior Routes) for more information.			MANEUVERING CLEARANCE AT DOOR FRONT APPROACH TO PULL FACE OF DOOR  18 IN DOOR SWING
and safely open the door? <b>Note:</b> See section of this Checklist titled "Accessible Approach and Entrance – Exterior Routes) for	_ _	Yes No	FRONT APPROACH TO PULL FACE OF DOOR
and safely open the door? <b>Note:</b> See section of this Checklist titled "Accessible Approach and Entrance – Exterior Routes) for more information.  Are the heights of thresholds at examination room doorways			FRONT APPROACH TO PULL FACE OF DOOR  18 IN DOOR SWING

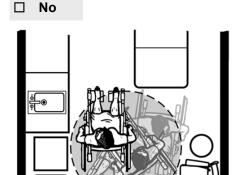
# ACCESSIBLE EXAMINATION ROOMS AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

### 4. Turning Space Inside the Examination Room

Is adequate space available in the examination room where turning spaces are needed or required for a wheelchair or other mobility device?

**Note:** A turning space may be a:

- 1. Circular space having a minimum diameter of 5 feet (60 inches) as shown in top figure, or
- 2. T-shaped space which provides a 60 inch square minimum with arms and base having 36 inches of minimum width.



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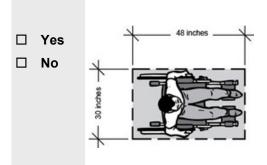
Yes

# 5. Clear Floor Space Adjacent to Medical Equipment

Is clear floor space (30 by 48 inches minimum) available adjacent to the exam table or chair and adjoining the accessible route which allows a transfer from a wheelchair?

Note: The exam table must have sufficient clear floor space next to it so that an individual using a wheelchair can approach the side of the table for transfer onto it. The minimum amount of space required is 30 inches by 48 inches. Clear floor space is needed along at least one side of an adjustable height examination table. Because some individuals can only transfer from the right or left side, providing clear floor space on both sides of the table allows one accessible table to serve both right and left side transfers. The amount of floor space needed beside and at end of exam table will vary depending on method of patient transfer and lift equipment size.

**Note:** When a portable patient lift or stretcher is to be used. additional clear floor space will be needed to maneuver the lift or stretcher.





# ACCESSIBLE EXAMINATION ROOMS AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

The U.S. Access Board is developing accessibility standards for medical diagnostic equipment, including examination tables **United States** and chairs, weight scales, radiological equipment, and mam-**Access Board** mography equipment under the "Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act." These standards address independent access to, and use of, such equipment by people with disabilities to the maximum extent possible. Items #6 through 8 below are based on these proposed standards. 6. Examination Tables and Chairs Yes Are examination tables available that provide adjustable transfer heights (range of 17 to 19 inches); adequate dimensions for П No transfer surface (minimum width of 30 inches and depth of 15 inches; and removable/repositionable support rails to allow wheelchair users to transfer onto and off of the exam table? If examination chairs are available, does at least one provide Yes adjustable transfer heights (range of 17 to 19 inches); ade-П No quate dimensions for transfer surface (minimum width of 21 inches and depth of 15 inches; and fold-up armrests to allow wheelchair users to transfer onto and off of the exam chair? 7. Weight Scales Yes Are accessible weight scales available that can be used to weigh people using wheelchairs and similar types of mobility No aids? Note: Accessible scales must have a minimum space for the wheelchair of 36 inches wide by 48 inches in length: access ramps with slopes that do not exceed 1:12 having edge protection with a minimum height of 2 inches; and standing support rails on each side. 8. Mammography Equipment Yes Is accessible mammography equipment available? No Note: Accessible mammography equipment should have a breast platform height of 30 inches minimum and 42 inches maximum above floor when used by a patient seated in a wheelchair; a minimum clear floor space of 36 inches wide and 48 inches deep for approach to the equipment; and provide adequate knee and toe clearance under the platform.

# PATIENT SLEEPING ROOMS

1.	Number of Accessible Patient Sleeping Rooms (answer one of the three following questions, then proceed to question #2)		
	If your facility DOES NOT specialize in treating conditions that affect mobility, are there at least 10% (but no fewer than one) patient sleeping rooms that provide the mobility features described in sections 2 through X below?	Yes No	
	If your facility specializes in treating conditions that affect mobility, do all patient sleeping rooms provide the mobility features described in sections 2 through X below?	Yes No	
	If your facility is a long-term care facility, do a minimum of 50% of rooms provide the mobility features described in sections 2 through X below?	Yes No	
	Note 1. Conditions that affect mobility include conditions requiring the use or assistance of a brace, cane, crutch, prosthetic device, wheelchair, or powered mobility aid; arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic conditions that severely limit one's ability to walk; respiratory diseases and other conditions which may require the use of portable oxygen; and cardiac conditions that impose significant functional limitations. Facilities that may provide treatment for, but that do not specialize in treatment of such conditions, such as general rehabilitation hospitals, are not considered "as specializing in treatment of conditions that affect mobility".  Note 2. Medical care facilities that do not specialize in the treatment of conditions that affect mobility shall disperse the accessible patient bedrooms required by 2010 Standards in a manner that is proportionate by type of medical		
2 B	specialty.  ed Spacing		
ls	there a minimum 30 x 48 inch clear maneuvering space on th sides of the bed(s)?	Yes No	30 IN MIN

PATIENT SLEEPING ROOMS		
3. Turning Space for Wheelchairs Do accessible patient sleeping rooms allow sufficient turning space for wheelchairs? (See page 12, Item 9 - Turning Space)	□ Yes	60 IN MIN
4. Toilet and Bathing Rooms Do toilet and bathing rooms that are provided as part of a accessible patient or resident sleeping rooms comply with applicable requirements for water closets and lavatories contained in Section 4 - Restrooms of this Checklist or for showers and bath tubs in items 5 through 8 below. Note. Where provided, no fewer than one water closet, one lavatory, and one bathtub or shower shall comply with the applicable requirements for such elements.	□ Yes	
5. Transfer Shower Stall		
Is the floor space in the shower stall at least 36 x 36 inches and is a seat provided?	□ Yes	36 915 back wall
Is there clear floor space (48 x 36 inches) available at the open side of the shower stall?	□ Yes	seat C control wall
Is there an "L-shaped" seat on the wall opposite the shower controls and does it extend the full depth of the stall?	□ Yes	48 min
Are horizontal grabs bars installed at a height between 33 and 36 inches? See figure for location of bars.	□ Yes	Note: inside finished dimensions measured at the center poil of opposing sides
Are controls located at a height between 38 and 48 inches above the floor?	□ Yes	
Does the shower spray unit have a flexible hose of at least 60 inches long and can the shower head be used as both a handheld and fixed unit?	□ Yes □ No	

### PATIENT SLEEPING ROOMS

### 6. Roll-In Shower (See figure below) If a roll-in shower is provided, does it have a minimum clear Yes maneuvering space of 30 x 60 inches inside the shower? No Yes For entry into the shower, is a clear floor space provided which is at least 60 inches in length and 36 inches in width adjacent □ No to the open side? □ Yes Is a folding bench located on the side wall adjacent to the shower controls (back wall) and is it 17 minimum to 19 inches No maximum above the floor? Yes Are grabs bars installed parallel to the floor at the height between 33 and 36 inches? See figure for location of grab □ No bars. Yes Are controls located on the wall adjacent to the shower seat □ No not more than 27 inches from the wall where the seat is mounted and at a height between 38 and 48 inches above the floor? □ Yes Does the shower spray unit have a flexible hose of at least 60 inches long and can the shower head be used as both a hand-□ No held and fixed unit? Note: For roll-in showers without seats, the controls can be Yes located on any wall. The 36 wide by 24 inch deep transfer No seat with back shown in the picture is a suggested model. ROLL-IN back wall SHOWER STALL side wall BENCH LAVATÒRY (IF PRÓVÍDED) 60 min

### PATIENT SLEEPING ROOMS 7. Grab Bars - Bath Tub with Removable Seat Yes Are there **four** grab bars of sufficient length and height mounted in the tub? See figure for location of grab bars for a bath tub No having a removable seat. **BATH TUB WITH REMOVABLE SEAT** GRAR GRAB BAR BAR 24 IN MIN 24 IN 12 IN MIN LENGTH LENGTH TO 36 12 IN 8. Grab Bars - Bath Tub with Permanent Seat Yes Are there three grab bars of sufficient length, height and strength mounted in the tub? See figure for location of grab No **BATH TUB WITH** bars for a bath tub having a permanent seat. GRAB **PERMANENT SEAT** BAR 15 IN **24 IN MIN** MAX LENGTH 8 - 10 IN TO 36 12 IN SEAT MAX 9. Light switches, Patient-operated Controls, Storage Units, and Towel Racks ☐ Yes Are light switches, patient-operated controls, storage units, tow-48 INCHES els racks, dispensers meant for patient use mounted no higher □ No MAX than 48 inches from floor level? 10. Entry Doors to Patient Room Yes Do the doors to patient rooms meet the requirements stated in Section - Items 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on pages 11 and 12? No **Note:** No maneuvering clearance is required beyond the latch side of the door. (2010 ADA Standards, 404.2.4—Exception)

# **SIGNAGE**

Signs provide an important means of communication. Some of the general considerations and requirements for signage are listed here for your reference. As you survey your facility be aware of the need for signage that complies with these general requirements.

1. General Requirements		
Is adequate signage placed in standardized, appropriate locations throughout the building or facility?  Note: Signs are used to identify permanent rooms or spaces, or provide direction to accessible features and information.  Note: Accessible elements and spaces of a facility should be identified by the International Symbol of Accessibility and this requirement is addressed in various sections of this Checklist.	Yes No	ROOM 320
Do the visual characters on all signs have sufficient size for the required viewing distance?	Yes No	
Do characters and background have a non-glare finish?	Yes No	RESTROOM
Do the characters contrast well with the background (either light on dark or dark on light)?	Yes No	_
Does the signage identifying permanent rooms or spaces provide both raised (tactile) characters and Braille?	Yes No	
2. Interior Signage Adjacent to Doors		
Is every permanent room or space (such as restrooms, offices or classrooms, etc.) designated with a sign having good contrast between characters and background, adequate character size for viewing distance, raised (tactile) characters and Braille?	Yes No	AREA OF REFUGE
Are tactile signs mounted so the bottom edges of the <i>highest</i> tactile characters are 60 inches maximum and the <i>lowest</i> tactile characters are 48 inches minimum from the floor surface?	Yes No	48 min 1220 GO max
Are signs mounted on the latch side of doors?	Yes No	
3. Directional Signage		
Is exterior signage available at non-accessible entrances and along walkways that provides directions to the accessible routes and entrances? is interior directional signage provided at inaccessible toilet rooms and elevators directing the person to nearest accessible toilet rooms and elevators?	Yes No Yes No	ENTRANCE
4. Building Directories and Temporary Signs		
These types of signage do not need to comply with the accessibility requirements for signage.		

lease use this space for notes or sketches:	

# **BUILDING AND CONTACT INFORMATION**

Name of Building or Facility:	
Address:	
City:	State: Zip:
Do you know what year this building was	s constructed?
Name of persons performing survey with	email address and phone number:
	Signature:
	Signature:
Email:	Phone:
Date of completion:	-
How long did it take to perform this acce	ssibility survey?
Do you have suggestions about the surv	ey design or the instructions?
Do you have comments about the acces	sibility survey process?
Reviewed by:	Date: